AGENDA

GPATS 101 TRAINING SESSION

Greenville County Offices, North Tower, Second Floor Training Room September 19, 2023 11:00 a.m.

The Training will be held on Zoom and open for on-site participation. Citizens and other interested parties who wish to watch but not interact may live-stream the meeting at the appointed time, at the following web address: https://www.greenvillecounty.org/livestreamplanning.aspx

11:00-11:10am	1) WELCOME AND INTRODUCTIONS
11:10-11:20am	2) GENERAL GPATS INFORMATION AND BRIEF HISTORY
11:20-11:40am	3) RUNDOWN STATE AND FEDERAL POLICIES
11:40-11:50am	4) TOUR OF THE GPATS WEBSITE AND INTERACTIVE MAPPING SYSTEM
11:50am-12:00pm	BREAK
12:00-12:20pm	5) GPATS PROGRAMS AND FUNDING SOURCES
12:20-12:30pm	6) ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF GPATS
12:30-12:50pm	7) HOW GPATS PROJECTS GET DONE – SC 153 EXTENSION EXAMPLE
12:50-1:00pm	QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

GPATS 101 TRAINING SESSION

Welcome and Introductions

- □ Presenters and Staff
 - Rex Rice, GPATS Chairman, Pickens County SC Senator
 - Keith Brockington, Transportation Planning Manager, GPATS Executive Director
 - Asangwua Ikein, Transit Planner & Grants Manager
 - Anna Stewart, Transportation Planner
 - Cleo Hill, Administrative Assistant
 - Nicole Miglionico, Administrative Coordinator
 - Rashida Jeffers-Campbell Greenville County Planning Director
 - Tee Coker, Greenville County Assistant County Administrator for Community Planning and Development

Today's Agenda

- □ General GPATS Information
- State and Federal Policies
- □ Tour of the GPATS Website
- □ Break 10 minutes
- GPATS Programs and Funding
- Roles and Responsibilities
- □ How GPATS Projects get Done
- □ Q&A | Discussion

For Reference

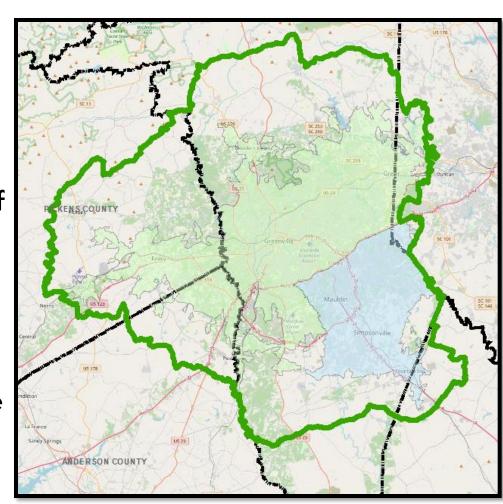
- □ Links in Chat
 - ■GPATS Long-Range Transportation Plan
 - ■GPATS TIP Financial Statement and UPWP
 - ■GPATS By-Laws
 - Acronyms and Definitions
- Copy of Presentations and Audio Recording will be available on GPATS.org soon.

GENERAL GPATS INFORMATION AND HISTORY

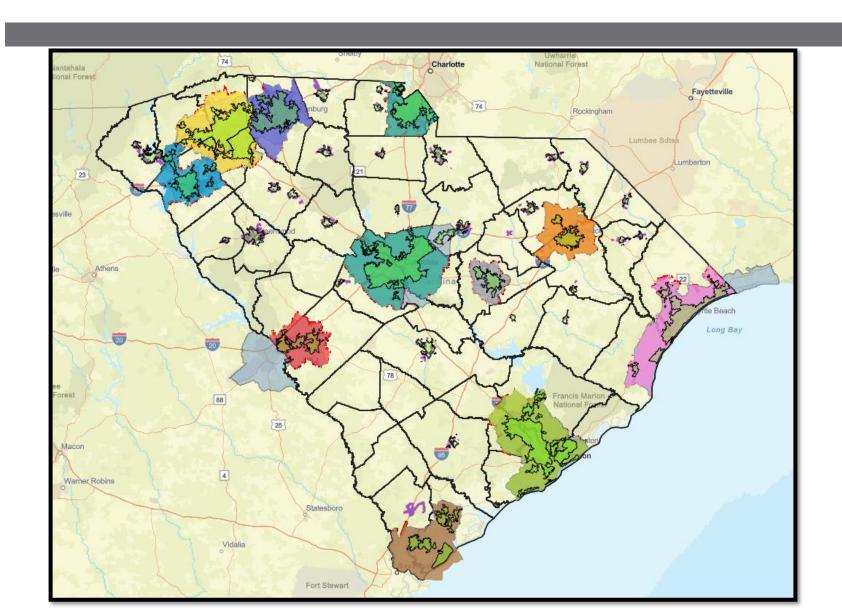
GPATS is...



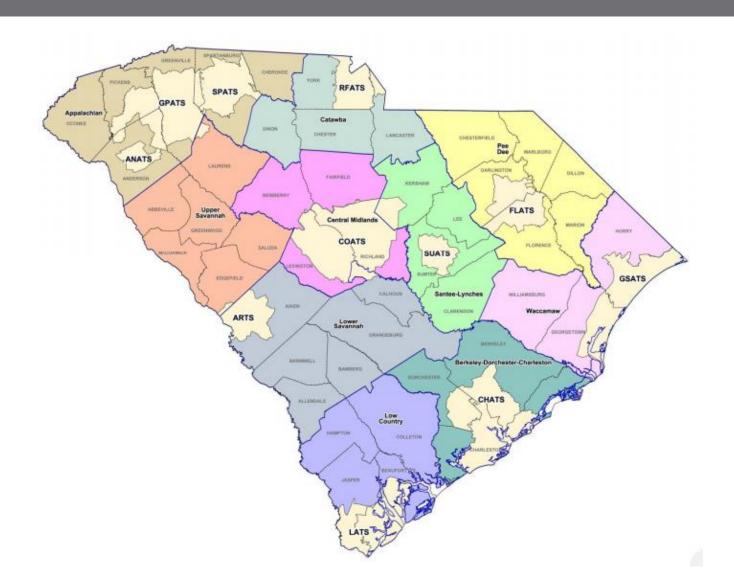
- Greenville-Pickens Area Transportation Study or "GPATS"
- Metropolitan Planning
 Organization (MPO), one of
 11 in SC
- Required by federal regulations for all Censusdefined Urbanized Areas (UZAs) with 50,000 or more population



South Carolina MPOs



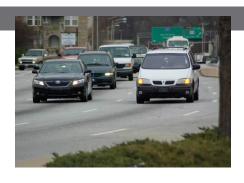
South Carolina Councils of Governments



Transportation Management Areas (TMAs)

- □ Small MPOs
 - 50,000 persons to 199,999 persons within UZA
 - Anderson, Spartanburg, Florence, Sumter, Beaufort
- Large MPOs (Transportation Management Areas)
 - 200,000+ persons within UZA
 - Greenville, Columbia, Charleston, Myrtle Beach
 - North Augusta, Rock Hill by virtue of proximity to Augusta,
 Charlotte
 - Additional regulations such as Quadrennial Reviews and Congestion Management Plans
 - Direct Attributable Funds, in some cases

What does GPATS do?







- Assist in setting priorities for Road, Safety, Bike and Pedestrian projects
- Coordinate with GTA/Greenlink and CATbus on Transit Operations
- Coordinate with SCDOT on Resurfacing, Bridge, and Interstate projects
- □ Manage about \$23 million in annual funding*
- Assist with a variety of community plans, projects and initiatives
- Develop Long Range Transportation Plan and Transportation Improvement Program
- Public data requests
- Provide "3C" Planning Process: Comprehensive, Continuous, and Cooperative.

How is GPATS organized?

□ Policy Committee

- Mayors, County Council members, State Senators and Representatives, SCDOT Commissioners, Transit Providers
- 30 voting members, 7 non-voting members*

Study Team

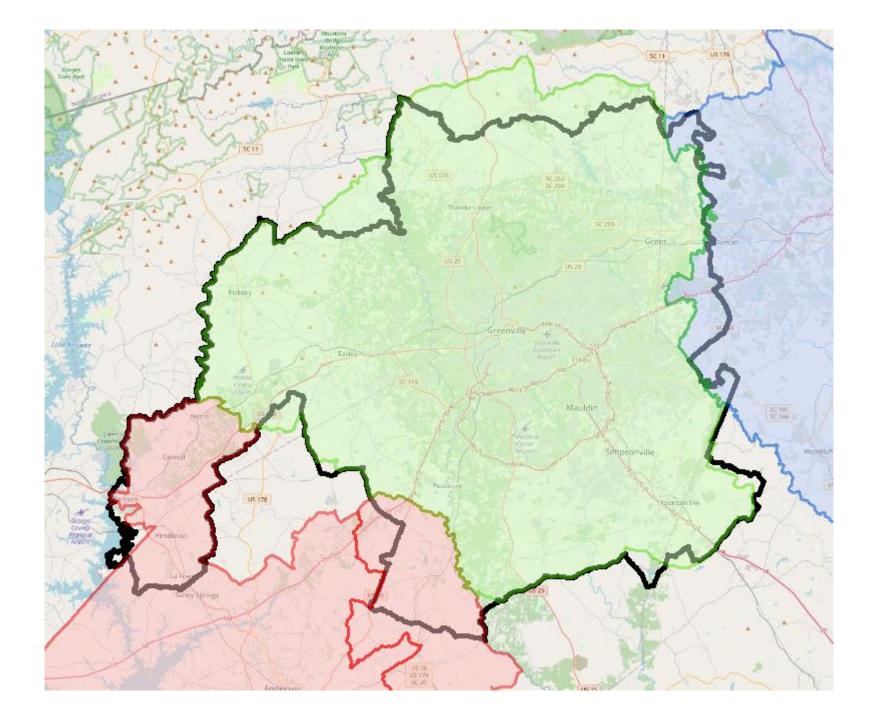
- Administrators, planners, engineers, public works staff, city and county representatives, SCDOT, FHWA, ACOG, Greenlink, CATbus*
- Over 70 named attendees.

Staff

- Keith Brockington, Manager, Executive Director
- Asangwua Ikein, Transit Planner & Grants Manager
- Anna Stewart, Transportation Planner
- Cleo Hill, Administrative Assistant

Brief GPATS Expansion History

- □ GRATS created in September 1964
 - Greenville County authorized by Greenville County Legislative Delegation and municipalities to enter in to agreement with SCDOT to operate as MPO
 - Over time, expansions were minor into Spartanburg (Greer) and Laurens (Fountain Inn) Counties, and crossing the border slightly into Pickens County
- GRATS expanded to GPATS in 2004 (2000 Census)
 - Inclusion of Pickens (Pickens, Liberty, Easley) and Anderson County (Powdersville)
- □ GPATS expands again in 2013 (2010 Census)
 - Inclusion of additional Pickens (Central, Clemson, Norris) and Anderson (Pendleton, Williamston, Pelzer, West Pelzer) Counties
- □ GPATS contacts in 2023 (2020 Census)
 - Reduction close to 2004 boundaries, adjusted for Census demography



RUNDOWN OF STATE AND FEDERAL POLICIES

Federal Planning Authorizations

- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1962
 - Established the creation of MPOs
- □ U.S.C Chapter 23 Section 134-135
 - Established MPO/COG and Statewide Planning
- C.F.R Chapter 23
 - Regulations specific to Highway Planning
- Highway Authorization Bills (1987 to Present)
 - Typically 5-year Bills + Continuing Authorizations
 - Currently IIJA/BIL: Investing in Infrastructure and Jobs Act/Bipartisan Infrastructure Legislation (2021)
 - Previously FAST Act, MAP-21, SAFTEA-LU, TEA-21, NHS, ISTEA, Uniform Act

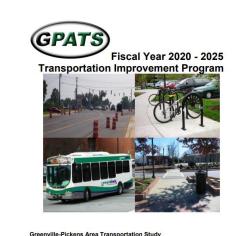
GPATS Planning Documents

Federally required plans:

- Long Range Transportation Plan
 - 10-year New Plan (2026)
 - 5-year Updates (2031)
- Transportation Improvement Plan
 - 2-year Plan (2024)
- **Unified Planning Work Program**
 - 2-year Plan (2025)
- Others
 - Title VI
 - **Congestion Management Plan**
 - Transit Asset Management Plan

Other plans:

- Corridor studies
- Bicycle/pedestrian plans
- Transit plans



Prepared by GPATS Staff Adopted by Policy Committee June 3, 2019

The preparation of this report has been financed in part throug Highway Administration and Federal Transit Administration, U under the State Planning and Research Program, Section 505 [Program, Section 104(f)] of Title 23, U.S. Code. The contents of reflect the official views or policy of the U.S. Department of Tra



GPATS Planning Documents

IDENTIFIED TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS & REGIONAL VISION (All needed projects for various modes)

FISCALLY CONSTRAINED LRTP

(What we should be able to afford by 2040)

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (TIP)

(What we are building "now")

Long-Range Transportation Plan - Horizon2040 (and 2045 Update)

- Establishes priorities for the Region
 - Fewer Capacity Projects, More Congestion Reduction
 - Intersections and spot-widening
 - Signal Upgrades
 - Access Management/Connectivity
 - Bike/Ped Facilities with Road Projects
 - Multi-Use Paths, not Bike Lanes (outside of CBDs)
 - Connect Local Transit Systems into Regional Network
 - Greenlink, CATbus, SPARTA, Electric City Transit
- Funding for Alternatives (begins in FY2024)
 - 50% for Corridor Projects
 - 25% for Intersections
 - 5% for Signal Upgrades
 - 10% Dedicated Bike/Ped (Greenways)
 - 10% Transit Capital (Buses and Facilities)

In accordance with SCDOT's 4 main priorities





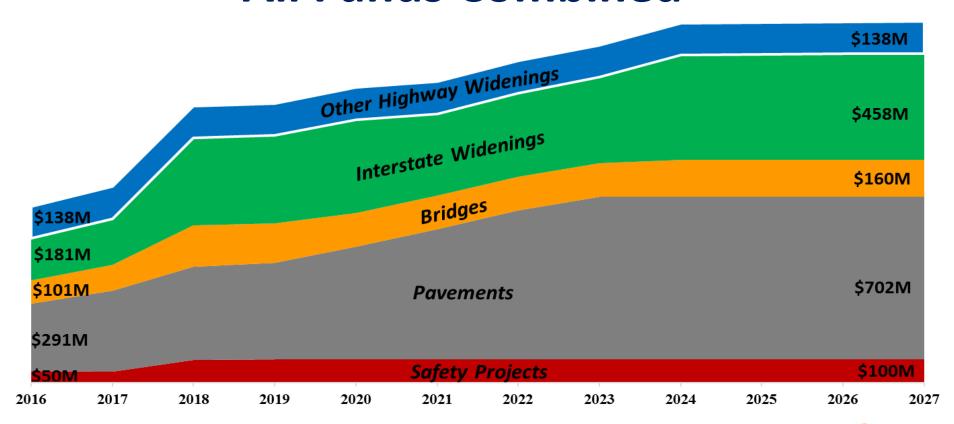








The 10-Year Plan Investment Areas: All Funds Combined







Transportation Improvement Program

- Six-Year Funding Schedule of Short-Term Projects
 - Updated as needed at GPATS Policy Committee
 - New TIP document adopted every Two Years
 - Current is FY2023-2028 (new next year for FY2025-2030)
- Covers ALL GPATS, SCDOT, Transit, and Grant/Earmark projects
- For most, identifies funding year and phases
 - PL Planning
 - PE Preliminary Engineering
 - R Right of Way Acquisition
 - C Construction
- Projects are brought into TIP scheduled by priority ranking in GPATS LRTP, consistent with Federal Performance Measures and SC Act 114
 - Projects can be accelerated if criteria met and if approved.

SC Act 114 of 2007

- Establishes requirement to perform priority ranking of projects, and defines criteria for such
 - Financial viability
 - Public safety
 - Potential for economic development
 - Traffic volume and congestion
 - Truck traffic
 - The pavement quality index
 - Environmental impact
 - Alternative transportation solutions
 - Consistency with local land use plans
- Can be deviated from, under certain circumstances
 - Cost Efficiencies
 - Significant Barriers to Completion
 - Local and/or Regional Collaboration
- Appendix D of the Horizon 2045 LRTP Outlines the Prioritization



Funding for the project currently stands at:

■ SCTIB Grant Application: \$44,716,000

■ Pickens County Local Match: \$19,164,000

■ SC General Assembly Earmark: \$10,000,000

Total of: \$73,880,000

- SCDOT Assessment of project stated additional scope and funding was needed:
 - Project "logical termini" needed to be extended into Greenville County, to White Horse Rd (US-25)
 - SC-183 Bridge over Saluda River needs replacement and widening.
- Pickens County is requesting that GPATS Guideshare be allocated to fill funding gap.

Corridor Project Scoring

Raw Score_{corridors}

= [Safety Score] + [Pavement Condition Score] + [2020 Level of Service (LoS)Score] + [2045 Level of Service (LoS)Score] + [Percentage Truck Score] + [Percentage NonWhite Score]

+ [Average Median Income (AMI)Score] + [Bus Stop Score] + [Emphasis Score]

[0.2*SafetyScore] + [0.1*Pavement Condition Score] + [0.08*2020 Level of Service (LoS)Score] + [0.08*2045 Level of Service (LoS)Score]

 $Weighted Score_{corridors} = \frac{+[0.1*Percentage\ Truck\ Score] + [0.08*Percentage\ NonWhite\ Score] + [0.08*Average\ Median\ Income\ (AMI)Score] + [0.05*Bus\ Stop\ Score] + [0.25*Emphasis\ Score]}{(0.08*Average\ Median\ Income\ (AMI)Score] + [0.08*Net Core] + [0.08*Net Core]} + [0.08*Net Core]$ [0.2 + 0.1 + 0.08 + 0.08 + 0.1 + 0.08 + 0.08 + 0.5 + 0.25]

2020 2045 Average Level Level Adjusted **Project** Percentage Percentage Median Pavement Bus OBJECTID Safety of **Emphasis** Raw Weighted Score Project Name Category Length From To Condition Truck Non-White Income Stop Rank Score Service Service Score Score Score Out-of-(mi) Score Score (AMI) Score (LoS) (LoS) 100 Score Score Score Roper Corridor 0.711799 Mountain Rd 5 2 5 27 2.47619 100 / 100 Roper Mountain Rd Woodruff Rd 1 Improvements US 123 from College Corridor Anderson 15 0.391628 College Ave 5 2 3 3 1 3 3 0 5 25 2.387755 96 / 100 2 Ave to US 76 Improvements Hwy Corridor White Horse Rd 1.415509 Su 123 SC 81 4 3 3 3 2 3 2 0 5 25 2.333333 94 / 100 3 Improvements Corridor East Faris Mauldin 1.530573 5 1 2 5 24 93 / 100 Augusta St 2.292517 4 Improvements Road Road Corridor East Standing North Maple West Georgia Road 2.4389 3 3 3 2 2 0 5 24 2.197279 89 / 100 5 Improvements Springs Road Road US-25 - NEAR W GA White Horse Corridor Donaldson TO WHITEHORSE 1.468117 Road 2 3 2 3 2 4 0 5 24 2.115646 85 / 100 6 Improvements Road EXT Extension Woodruff Miller Rd Old Mill Road 4 3 2 2 0 5 2.102041 85 / 100 7 161 Widening 2.56149 3 21 Road 3 0 Farrs Bridge Road Widening 1.776831 West Hope St Eunice Dr 3 2 3 2 5 22 2.088435 84 / 100 8 Corridor GSP 3 0 South Buncombe Rd 3.40378 SC 14 2 2 2 5 21 2.034014 82 / 100 9 Improvements Corridor Hamburg 2 0 279 Farrs Bridge Rd 3,447309 Groce Road 2 1 5 21 1.952381 79 / 100 10 Improvements Road Old SC 153 2 0 1.938776 78 / 100 SC 81 3.132922 Williamston 2 5 21 211 Widening 1 11 Road Saluda Dam Corridor Prince Perry W Main St 3 0 1.911565 77 / 100 Rd/Olive 1.610211 1 5 12 Improvements Dr Rd/Fleetwood Dr Neely Ferry 3 0 Fairview Road Widening 1.562143 Hwy 418 2 2 5 19 1.897959 77 / 100 13 Road Farrs Bridge Rd (SC Corridor SC 135 2 1 0 5 20 77 / 100 13 4.105791 1.897959 Hamburg Rd 183) Improvements Improvements

- SCDOT and FHWA have given permission to accelerate these segments from the LRTP into the TIP
 - High Rank of all segments in LRTP
 - Presence of significant Local and State funding
 - Significant Safety concerns on corridor needing addressing
- SCDOT Estimates an addition \$28 million would be needed to supplement the current \$73.9 million
 - FY2024 \$3 million for Preliminary Engineering
 - FY2027 \$5 million for Right of Way Acquisition
 - Outside of current TIP (FY2029+) \$20 million for Construction

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

and target setting

Targets:

Mandated by FHWA

 SCDOT has one year to set a target after the final rule is published for a goal

 MPOs and COGs have 180 days to adopt the state targets or create their own

National Goal Areas:

- Safety
- Infrastructure Condition
- Congestion Reduction
- System Reliability
- Freight Movement and Economic Vitality
- Environmental Sustainability
- Reduced Project Delivery Delays

Released Targets:

- Safety
- Transit Asset Management
- Infrastructure Condition
- System & Freight Reliability









2019 – 2023 Safety Targets

	Traffic Fatalities	Fatality Rate*	Severe Injuries	Severe Injury Rate*	Non- Motorized
SC Baseline	1058.0	1.882	2859.0	5.073	458.0
SC Targets	1119.0	1.940	2868.0	4.960	485.0
GPATS Baseline	102.8	1.682	328.6	5.372	54.6

- Baseline Data is from 2017 2021
- *Rates are based on the unit per 100 million Vehicle Miles Traveled

2020 – 2024 Safety Targets

	Traffic Fatalities	Fatality Rate*	Severe Injuries	Severe Injury Rate*	Non- Motorized
SC Baseline	1079.6	1.900	2802.0	4.930	457.0
SC Targets	1079.0	1.870	2549.0	4.410	454.0
GPATS Baseline	112.4	1.805	338.2	5.431	55.6

- Baseline Data is from 2018 2022
- *Rates are based on the unit per 100 million Vehicle Miles Traveled

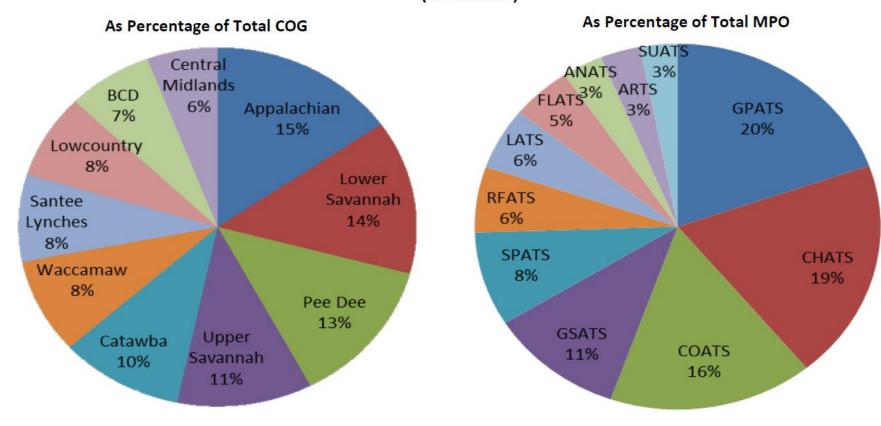
2020 – 2024 Safety Targets

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SC Baseline	1079.6	1.900	2802.0	4.930	457.0
SC Targets	1079.0	1.870	2549.0	4.410	454.0
GPATS Baseline	112.4	1.805	338.2	5.431	55.6
GPATS % Contribution	10.4	Lower than the state	12.1	Higher than the state	12.2

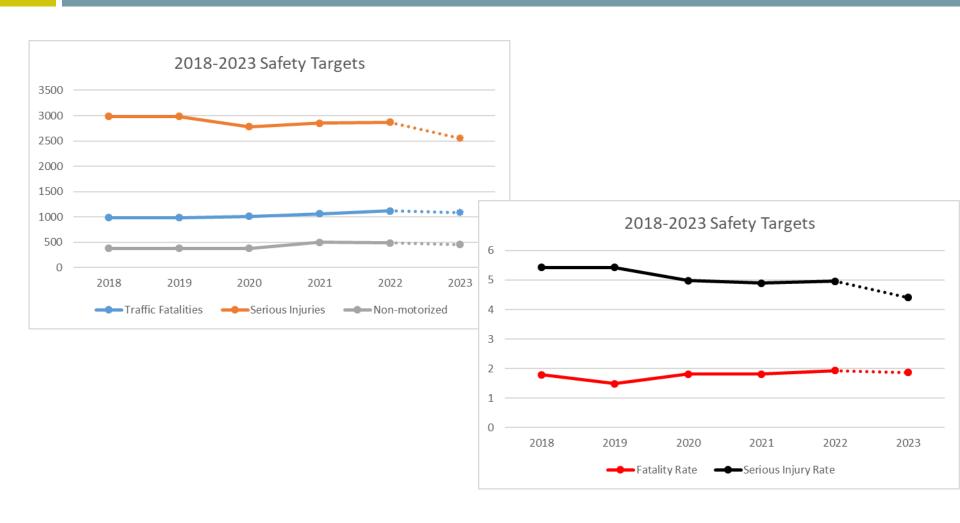
• GPATS % Contribution = GPATS Baseline/SC Baseline

2020-2024 Safety Targets

Fatal and Serious Injuries by Percentage (2018-2022)



Safety Targets Tracking



2022 Transit Safety Targets

Transit Provider	Mode of Transit Service	Fatalities (Total)	Fatality Rate**	Injuries (Total)	Injury Rate**	Safety Events (Total)	Safety Event Rate**	System Reliability* **
CATbus	Fixed Route	0	0.00	8.5	1.44	19.5	3.32	10.527
	Demand Response/ Paratransit	0	0.00	1	0.10	3	0.30	16,002
Greenlink	Fixed Route	0	0.00	12	1.47	7	0.84	20,450
	Demand Response/ Paratransit	0	0.00	0	0.70	1	0.94	71,561

- ** Rates are based on the unit per 100 thousand vehicle revenue miles
- ***Reliability is determined based on vehicle revenue miles/failures

Transit Asset Management

2022 Targets: Greenlink

Asset Category	Class	Performance Measure	2022 Target
Rolling Stock	Buses	% met or exceeded ULB	50%
	Trolley Buses	% met or exceeded ULB	50%
	Cutaway Buses	% met or exceeded ULB	14%
Equipment	SUV	% met or exceeded ULB	40%
	Van	% met or exceeded ULB	0%
	Truck	% met or exceeded ULB	83%
	Car	% met or exceeded ULB	100%
Facilities	100 W. McBee (Terminal)	% with a condition rating below 3.0 on TERM Scale	0%
	154 Augusta St (Maintenance Garage)	% with a condition rating below 3.0 on TERM Scale	100%

Transit Asset Management

2021 Targets: CAT

Asset Category	Class	Performance Measure	2021 Target
Rolling Stock	Articulated Buses	% met or exceeded ULB	0%
	Buses	% met or exceeded ULB	20%
Equipment	Trucks/Other Rubber Tire Vehicles	% met or exceeded ULB	0%
Facilities	Administration	% with condition rating below 3.0 on TERM Scale	0%

Infrastructure Condition:

Inf	Infrastructure Condition Baseline & Targets											
	Pavement (Interstate)	Pavement (Non- Interstate NHS)	Bridges									
SC Baseline	75.8% Good	38.8% Good	38.5% Good									
	0.2% Poor	1.6% Poor	4.3% Poor									
SC 2-Year	77% Good	36% Good	35% Good									
Targets	2.5% Poor	10% Poor	6% Poor									
SC 4-Year	78% Good	38% Good	34% Good									
Targets	2.5% Poor	10% Poor	6% Poor									
GPATS Baseline	80.79% Good	38.65% Good	56.75% Good									
	0% Poor	3.06% Poor	11.57% Poor									

Numbers represent the % of infrastructure element in good or poor condition

System & Freight Reliability:

Sys	System & Freight Reliability Baseline & Targets												
	Travel Time Reliability (Interstate)	Travel Time Reliability (Non- Interstate NHS)	Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR)										
SC Baseline	95.9%	95%	1.31										
SC 2-Year Targets	89.1%	85%	1.45										
SC 4-Year Targets	89.1%	85%	1.45										
GPATS Baseline	85.2%	93.9%	1.57										

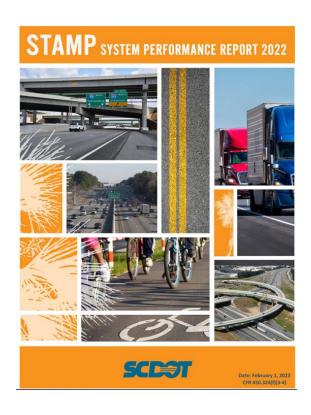
Travel Time Reliability numbers represent the % of person-miles traveled that are reliable.

TTTR is determined by where truck travel reliability falls on the TTTR Index.

Monitoring and Reporting:

 LRTPs and TIPs have to include performance measure information

- SCDOT Performance Reports
 - What are the targets?
 - □ Did we hit our targets?



Monitoring and Reporting:

Table 1. South Carolina 2016-2020 Safety Performance Target Assessment												
PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2016- 2020 Target	2016- 2020 Оитсоме	2014-2018 BASELINE	MET TARGET	BETTER THAN BASELINE	MET/MADE SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS						
Number of Traffic Fatalities	1,011.0	1,023.0	969.4	No	No							
Rate of Traffic Fatalities	1.819	1.836	1.802	No	No							
Number of Traffic Serious Injuries	2,781.0	2,888.2	2,938.8	No	Yes	No						
Rate of Traffic Serious Injuries	4.979	5.180	5.584	No	Yes							
Number of Non-motorized Traffic Fatalities and Serious Injuries	380.0	438.8	393.2	No	No							

₩ BACK TO PROJECTS LIST

Woodruff Road Congestion Relief

Project Information

FixWoodruffRoad.com

DESCRIPTION

- SCDOT Pin #P028743
- Tentative limits of the project are from Woodruff Road/ Mall Connector Road area to the Woodruff Road/Smith Hines Road area
- · The NEPA process will define the final project limits

PURPOSE

- · To improve operational performance of the existing facility by relieving congestion
- · To improve efficiency and mobility in the area

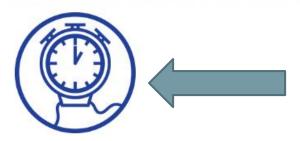
NEED

 The Woodruff Road corridor is highly traveled and currently experiences high levels of congestion during peak times

STATUS

 ROW plans in QA review ahead of 05/23 ROW obligation. Additional funds are needed for ROW obligation.

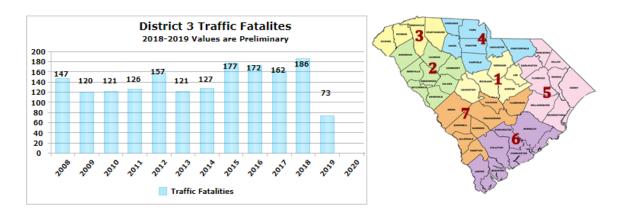
TARGETS IMPACTED (CLICK HERE FOR FURTHER EXPLANATION)

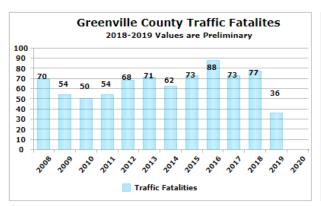


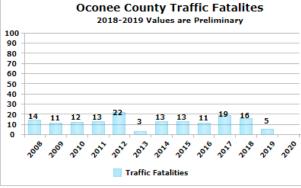


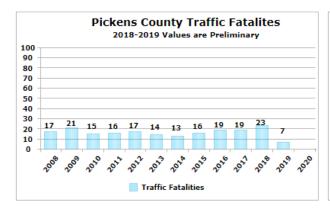
Funding Source	Funding Amount	% Total
Guideshare	\$42,000,000	35%
Greenville County	\$30,336,733	25%
SC State Infrastructure Bank	\$49,010,199	40%
Total	¢121 246 022	10004

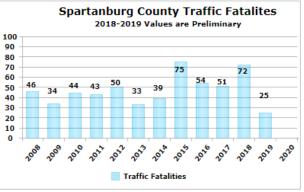
District-3 Traffic Fatalities









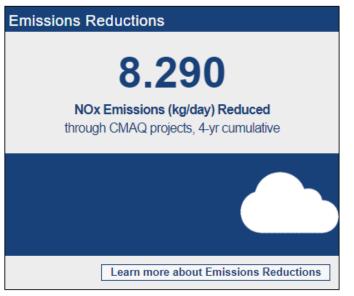


State Performance Dashboard - South Carolina









Mhàs...

- Justification of our funding strategy in the LRTP and TIP
 - Justification of focusing on one goal over others

Ability to track if a strategy is working and to change targets when it is not.

Used in project prioritization and ranking

GPATS Horizon2045 LRTP Ranking

Corridor Project Scoring

Raw Score corridors = [Safety Score] + [Pavement Condition Score] + [2020 Level of Service (LoS)Score] + [2045 Level of Service (LoS)Score] + [Percentage Truck Score] + [Percentage NonWhite Score]

+ [Average Median Income (AMI)Score] + [Bus Stop Score] + [Emphasis Score] [0.2 * Safety Score] + [0.1 * Pavement Condition Score] + [0.08 * 2020 Level of Service (LoS)Score] + [0.08 * 2045 Level of Service (LoS)Score]

 $=\frac{+[0.1*Percentage\ Truck\ Score]+[0.08*Percentage\ NonWhite\ Score]+[0.08*Average\ Median\ Income\ (AMI)Score]+[0.05*Bus\ Stop\ Score]+[0.25*Emphasis\ Score]}{[0.2+0.1+0.08+0.08+0.1+0.08+0.08+0.05+0.25]}$

					[0.	[0.2 + 0.1 + 0.08 + 0.08 + 0.1 + 0.08 + 0.08 + 0.05 + 0.25]												
OBJECTID *	Project Name	Category	Project Length (mi)	From	То	Safety Score	Pavement Condition Score	2020 Level of Service (LoS) Score	2045 Level of Service (LoS) Score	Percentage Truck Score	Percentage Non-White Score	Average Median Income (AMI) Score	Bus Stop Score	Emphasis Score	Raw Score	Weighted Score	Adjusted Score Out-of- 100	Rank
281	Roper Mountain Rd	Corridor Improvements	0.711799	Roper Mountain Rd Ext	Woodruff Rd	5	2	4	5	1	2	2	1	5	27	3.568627	100 / 100	1
15	US 123 from College Ave to US 76	Corridor Improvements	0.391628	College Ave	Anderson Hwy	5	2	3	3	1	3	3	0	5	25	3.441176	96 / 100	2
7	White Horse Rd	Corridor Improvements	1.415509	Su 123	SC 81	4	3	3	3	2	3	2	0	5	25	3.362745	94 / 100	3
251	Augusta St	Corridor Improvements	1.530573	East Faris Road	Mauldin Road	5	2	3	4	1	1	1	2	5	24	3.303922	93 / 100	4
9	West Georgia Road	Corridor Improvements	2.4389	East Standing Springs Road	North Maple Road	3	3	3	4	2	2	2	0	5	24	3.166667	89 / 100	5
14	US-25 – NEAR W GA TO WHITEHORSE EXT	Corridor Improvements	1.468117	Donaldson Road	White Horse Road Extension	2	3	2	3	2	4	3	0	5	24	3.04902	85 / 100	6
161	Miller Rd	Widening	2.56149	Old Mill Road	Woodruff Road	4	3	2	3	1	2	1	0	5	21	3.029412	85 / 100	7
6	Farrs Bridge Road	Widening	1.776831	West Hope St	Eunice Dr	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	0	5	22	3.009804	84 / 100	8
10	South Buncombe Rd	Corridor Improvements	3.40378	SC 14	GSP	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	0	5	21	2.931373	82 / 100	9
279	Farrs Bridge Rd	Corridor Improvements	3.447309	Hamburg Road	Groce Road	2	3	4	1	2	1	3	0	5	21	2.813725	79 / 100	10
211	SC 81	Widening	3.132922	SC 153	Old Williamston Road	2	2	4	4	2	1	1	0	5	21	2.794118	78 / 100	11
273	Saluda Dam Rd/Olive Rd/Fleetwood Dr	Corridor Improvements	1.610211	W Main St	Prince Perry Dr	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	0	5	19	2.754902	77 / 100	12
2	Fairview Road	Widening	1.562143	Hwy 418	Neely Ferry Road	3	1	4	1	2	2	1	0	5	19	2.735294	77 / 100	13
185	Farrs Bridge Rd (SC 183) Improvements	Corridor Improvements	4.105791	SC 135	Hamburg Rd	2	3	3	3	2	1	1	0	5	20	2.735294	77 / 100	13

GPATS Horizon2045 LRTP Ranking

Performance Measures	Measure Definition	Scoring	Weight
Safety	Traffic Crashes: Based on	5: Very high rate of	Corridor: 20%
	the crash severity -	crashes by severity and	Intersection: 25%
	including fatal, injurious,	rate.	
	and property damaging -	4: High rate of crashes	
	and the occurrence of	by severity and rate.	
	these types of crashes.	3: Medium rate of	
		crashes by severity and	
		rate.	
		2: Low rate of crashes	
		by severity and rate.	
		1: Very low rate of	
		crashes by severity and	
		rate.	

Corridor Project Scoring

Raw Score_{corridors} = [Safety Score] + [Pavement Condition Score] + [2020 Level of Service (LoS)Score] + [2045 Level of Service (LoS)Score] + [Percentage Truck Score] + [Percentage NonWhite Score]

+ [Average Median Income (AMI)Score] + [Bus Stop Score] + [Emphasis Score] [0.2 * Safety Score] + [0.1 * Pavement Condition Score] + [0.08 * 2020 Level of Service (LoS)Score] + [0.08 * 2045 Level of Service (LoS)Score]

 $Weighted \ Score_{corridors} = \frac{+[0.1*Percentage\ Truck\ Score] + [0.08*Percentage\ NonWhite\ Score] + [0.08*Average\ Median\ Income\ (AMI)Score] + [0.05*Bus\ Stop\ Score] + [0.25*Emphasis\ Score]}{+[0.25*Emphasis\ Score]}$ [0.2 + 0.1 + 0.08 + 0.08 + 0.1 + 0.08 + 0.08 + 0.05 + 0.25]

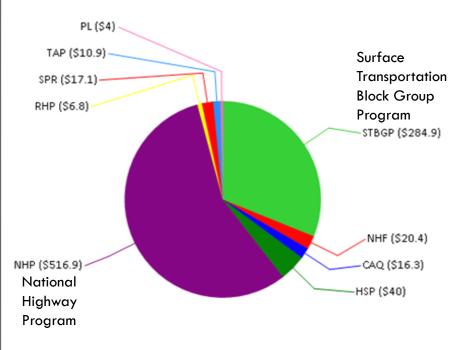
						2 T U.I T	0.00 + 0.00	T 0.1 T 0	.00 T 0.00	0 + 0.03 + 0.2	,3]							
OBJECTID *	Project Name	Category	Project Length (mi)	From	То	Safety Score	Pavement Condition Score	2020 Level of Service (LoS) Score	of	Percentage Truck Score	1 1	Average Median Income (AMI) Score	Bus Stop Score	Emphasis Score	Raw Score	1 - 1	Adjusted Score Out-of- 100	Rank
281	Roper Mountain Rd	Corridor Improvements	0.711799	Roper Mountain Rd Ext	Woodruff Rd	5	2	4	5	1	2	2	1	5	27	3.568627	100 / 100	1
15	US 123 from College Ave to US 76	Corridor Improvements	0.391628	College Ave	Anderson Hwy	5	2	3	3	1	3	3	0	5	25	3.441176	96 / 100	2
7	White Horse Rd	Corridor Improvements	1.415509	Su 123	SC 81	4	3	3	3	2	3	2	0	5	25	3.362745	94 / 100	3
251	Augusta St	Corridor	1.530573	East Faris	Mauldin	5	2	3	4	1	1	1	2	5	24	3.303922	93 / 100	4

TOUR OF THE GPATS WEBSITE

GPATS PROGRAMS AND FUNDING SOURCES

How is GPATS funded?

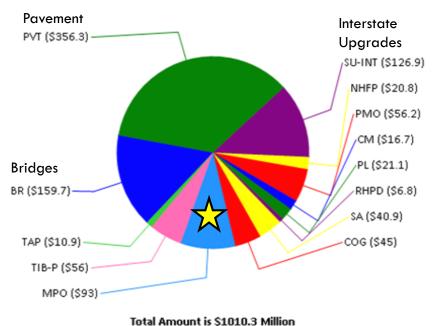
Federal Highway Budget (Year 2017)



Total Amount is \$917.2 Million

(\$691.8 Federal / \$219.2 State / \$6.2 Other)
*Latest Federally Approved Data (Includes Revision 5)

Commission Approved Highway Program Categories (Year 2017)



Total Allibant is \$2020.5 Million

*Latest Federally Approved Data (Includes Revision 5)

Federal Gas Tax

18.4 cents Gasoline 24.3 cents Diesel

State Gas Tax

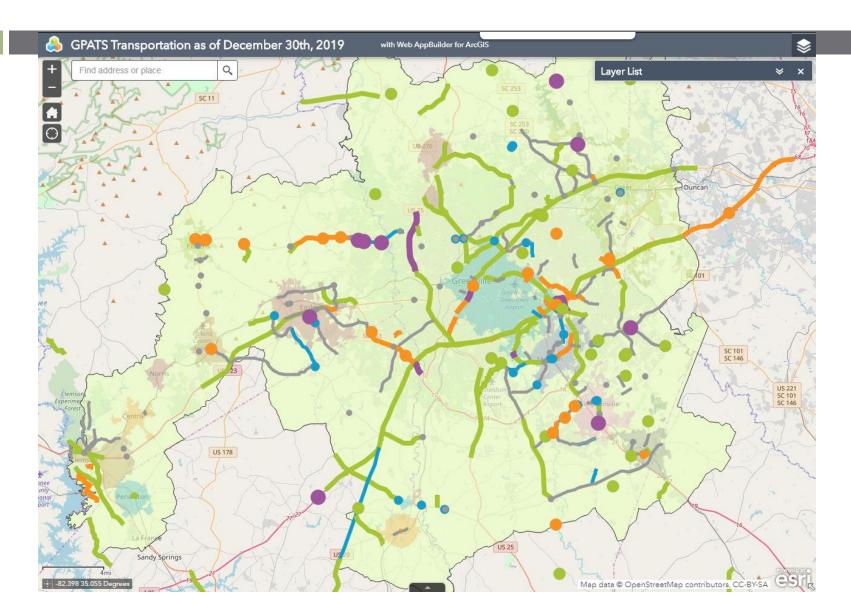
26 cents Gasoline 26 cents Diesel **Local Funds**Variable



Regional Mobility Program (Guideshare)

- "Surface Transportation Block Group" Program, or STBG
- □ Identified, Planned, Prioritized by GPATS
- □ \$23.211 million per year
 - 80% Federal, 20% State, funded from Gas Taxes
- □ Major GPATS Projects
 - SC-153 Extension, Woodruff Road Widening and Parallel, Batesville Road, SC-14, etc.
 - Corridors
 - Intersection
 - Signal Timing
 - Starting in FY24, Bike/Ped/Transit

Regional Mobility Program (Guideshare)



Non-Guideshare

- SCDOT Projects mostly statewide priorities
- □ Amounts vary from year to year
- State Priorities
 - Interstates
 - Bridge Rehab and Replacement
 - Resurfacing
 - Safety
- Other allocations
 - Earmarks
 - State/Federal Programs (Rec. Trails, App. Regional Dev., etc.)
 - CMAQ, if/when GPATS qualifies
 - Grants, when Awarded
- GPATS still must adopt projects into the TIP



Fatality Rate in the Nation





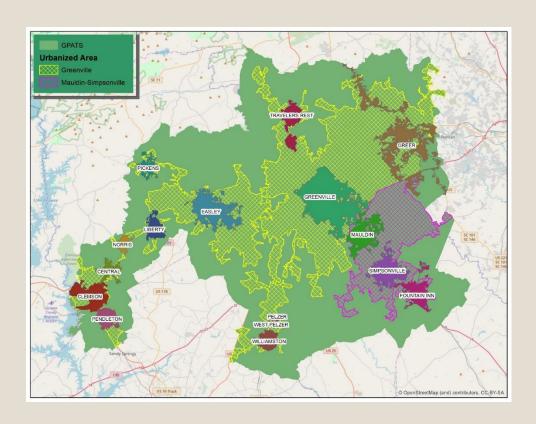
Structurally Deficient Bridges in our inventory





ABOUT FTA FUNDS

BY ASANGWUA IKEIN (GPATS)



OVERVIEW

Greenville-Pickens Area
Transportation Study
(GPATS) is the Designated
Recipient for the Urbanized
Area.

FTA FUNDS GTA MANAGES

- 5303 Support a cooperative, continuous, and comprehensive planning program for transportation investment decision-making at the metropolitan or state level. In our region, GPATS refers to this as PL Funds. PL Funds are split between both CATbus and Greenlink to fund planning studies.
- 5307 Grants to Urbanized Areas (UZA) for public transportation capital, planning, job access and reverse commute projects, as well as operating expenses in certain circumstances. These funds are split between CATbus and Greenlink based on a funding formula.
- 5310 Intended to enhance mobility for seniors and persons with disabilities by providing funds for
 programs to serve the special needs of transit-dependent populations beyond traditional public
 transportation services and Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) complementary paratransit
 services. This fund can be applied for by non-profit and transit agencies and must be directly applied
 for from GPATS.
- 5339 Provides capital funding to replace, rehabilitate and purchase buses and related equipment and to construct bus-related facilities. These funds are split between CATbus and Greenlink based on a funding formula.

5307 & 5339 - TRANSIT AGENCIES

- Money comes from the federal government annually and GPATS uses a split formula to divvy up the money between CATbus and Greenlink.
 - Every year, the formula is updated using the Nation Transit Database's (NTD's) Transit Agency Profiles, which operates on a two year lag.
 - Every year, the allocations are updated using the Federal Transit
 Administration's (FTA's) Apportionment Tables.

GTA CAT Funding Formula 2021

Table 1 FY 2021 Sub-allocation Formula

Variables					i i				
	Non-Incentive			BVRM					
	90.8%	25%	25%	50%					
	Incentive 9.2%								
Inputs									
	Overall (Trans	it Served) Population	Area (sq mi)	Population / sq mi	Population Weighted Density (PWD)	Annual Vehicle Revenue Miles (VRM)	Annual Passenger Miles (PMT)	Total Operating Expenses (OE)	Efficiency
		178,522	111	1,608.31	1,608.34	1,657,047	10,597,843	\$ 9,676,879.00	14,735,191.21
	Greenville								
	<u> </u>	150,881	94	1,605.12	1,356.59	938,230	4,273,765	\$ 6,297,538.00	2,900,350.47
	Share	84.52%	84.68%	92	84.35%	56.62%		65.08%	19.68%
	Clemson								
	O.	27,641	17	4.5	251.75	718,817		\$ 3,379,341.00	11,834,840.74
	Share	15.48%	15.32%		15.65%	43.38%	59.67%	34.92%	80.32%
Split									
	Greenville	65.85%							
	V.		100.00%						
	Clemson	34.15%							

Share % = (Population% x 25%) + (Pop Weighted Density% x 25%) + (Bus Vehicle Revenue Miles% x 50%) x 90.8%) + (Efficiency% x 9.2%)

Population Weighted Density% = (Population / Area) x Population Share%

Efficiency% = Bus Passenger Miles Traveled² / Operating Cost

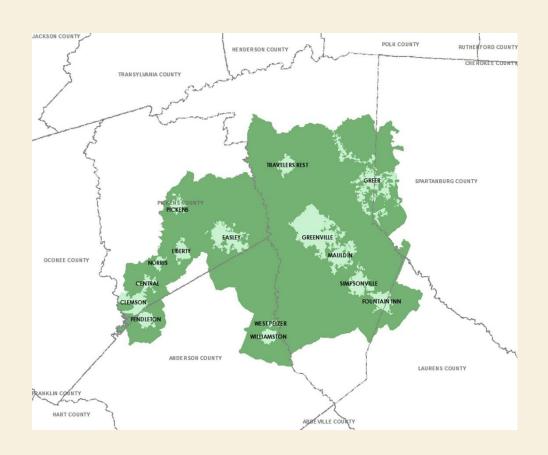
GTA CAT Funding Formula 2021

FTA/State Apportionment Breakdowns

		12 Appor. (est)								E1 1 11
Greenville UZA Overall	FY2	2018		2019	FY	2020	2020 CARES ACT	FY 2021		Change (est)
Section 5307/5340	\$	3,311,264.00	\$	3,354,402.00	\$	3,430,666.00	\$ 9,713,049.00	\$	3,483,376.00	\$52,710.00
Section 5310	\$	349,469.47	\$	386,013.00	\$	402,206.00		\$	407,558.00	\$5,352.00
Section 5339	\$	397,866.00	\$	363,842.00	\$	379,389.00		\$	355,804.00	-\$23,585.00
SMTF	\$	368,190.00	<u>\$</u>	340,659.00	\$	328,534.00				-\$328,534.00
Total	\$	4,058,599.47	\$	4,444,916.00	\$	4,540,795.00	\$ 9,713,049.00			-\$4,540,795.00
Greenville Transit Authorit	ty	73.20%))	69.24%		67.45%	67.45%		65.85%	-1.60%
Section 5307	\$	2,423,695.00	\$	2,322,587.94	\$	2,313,984.22	\$ 6,551,451.55	\$	2,293,803.10	-\$20,181.12
Section 5339	\$	291,219.86		251,924.20	\$	255,897.88	\$ -	\$	234,296.93	-\$21,600.95
SMTF	\$	269,498.37	\$	235,872.29	\$	221,596.18	\$ -,	\$	-	-\$221,596.18
Total	\$	2,984,413.23	\$	2,810,384.44	\$	2,791,478.28	\$ 6,551,451.55	\$	2,528,100.03	-\$263,378.25
Clemson Area Transit										
		26.80%)	30.76%		32.55%	32.55%		34.15%	1.60%
Section 5307	\$	887,569.00	\$	1,031,814.06	\$	1,116,681.78	\$ 3,161,597.45	\$	1,189,572.90	\$72,891.12
Section 5339	\$	106,646.14	\$	111,917.80	\$	123,491.12	\$ 2	\$	121,507.07	-\$1,984.05
<u>SMTF</u>	\$	98,691.63	\$	104,786.71	\$	106,937.82	\$ <u> </u>	\$	-	-\$106,937.82
Total	\$	1,092,906.77	\$	1,248,518.56	\$	1,347,110.72	\$ 3,161,597.45	\$	1,311,079.97	-\$36,030.75
Mauldin-Simpsonville 5307 SMTF	\$ \$	1,461,851.11 177,453.00	\$ \$	1,614,055.00 164,184.00	\$ \$	1,647,432.00 157,764.00	\$ 4,669,345.00	\$	1,930,921.00	\$283,489.00 -\$157,764.00

ABOUT FTA 53 10 FUNDS

BY ASANGWUA IKEIN (GPATS)



OVERVIEW

5310 Funds are federal funds that can be used to improve transportation services for seniors and individuals with disabilities.

Greenville-Pickens Area
Transportation Study
(GPATS) is the Designated
Recipient for the Urbanized
Area.

ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS

- Non-profit organizations, states or local government authorities, or operators of public transportation.
 - Public transportation providers must provide ADA services through 10% of their federal 5307 Funds before they can start using 5310 Funds.

ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES (55% OF APPLICATION MUST BE CAPITAL EXPENDITURES)

Traditional Section 5310 project examples include:

- buses and vans
- wheelchair lifts, ramps, and securement devices
- transit-related information technology systems, including scheduling/routing/one-call systems
- mobility management programs
- acquisition of transportation services under a contract, lease, or other arrangement

ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES (55% OF APPLICATION MUST BE CAPITAL EXPENDITURES)

Nontraditional Section 5310 project examples include:

- travel training
- volunteer driver programs
- building an accessible path to a bus stop, including curb-cuts, sidewalks, accessible pedestrian signals or other accessible features
- improving signage, or way-finding technology
- incremental cost of providing same day service or door-to-door service
- purchasing vehicles to support new accessible taxi, rides sharing and/or vanpooling programs
- mobility management program
- delivery meals to people whom are elderly and disabled

MATCH

- The federal share of eligible capital costs may not exceed 80 percent, and 50 percent for operating assistance.
- The 10 percent that is eligible to fund program administrative costs including administration, planning, and technical assistance may be funded at 100 percent federal share.

AVAILABLE, USED, & LEFT OVER

			Average Allocation	\$ 358,430.	19 Available	\$3,584,301.90	\$402,206.00	\$69,789.00	\$69,790.00	\$ 407,558.00	\$ 583,095.00	\$ 599,925.00
				Left Over	\$ 438,569.00	\$ -	\$69,789.00	\$69,790.00	\$ -	\$ 99,015.00	\$199,975.00	
_	Applicant	Award Name	Application Year	Total	Local	Federal	FY 2020	CRRSAA	ARP	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
11	Greenlink	7315-2023-1- P1 Greenlink Bus Stop Improvements	2023	\$ 200,000.	90 \$ 40,000.00	\$ 160,000.00				\$ 160,000.00		
12	Pickens County Meals on Wheels	7315-2023-1- P2 PCMoW Transportation Services	2023	\$ 137,000.	00 \$ 41,650.00	\$ 95,350.00					\$ 95,350.00	
13	Greenlink			\$ 247,558.	00	\$ 247,558.00				\$ 247,558.00		
	Greenlink			\$ 253,918.	44	\$ 253,918.44					\$ 253,918.44	
16	CATbus			\$ 134,811.	56	\$ 134,811.56					\$ 134,811.56	
17	Greenlink			\$ 180,392.	00	\$ 180,392.00						\$ 180,392.00
18	CATbus			\$ 219,558.	00	\$ 219,558.00						\$219,558.00

Transportation Alternatives (ta) Program

Overview

- Competitive grant program created for nonmotorized transportation options
- GPATS announces call for projects annually
- TAP applications are ranked and awarded by the GPATS Policy Committee

Overview

- SCDOT released new <u>TAP Guidelines</u> based on the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA)
- Prioritizes
 - Safety
 - ▶ Public Involvement
 - Projects located in high-need areas

Eligible Activities

- Non-motorized transportation projects
 - Pedestrian and bicycle facilities
 - Safe Routes to School
 - ► Complete Streets



Eligible Applicants

- Local Governments
- Regional Transportation Authorities
- Transit Agencies
- Natural Resource or Public Lands Agencies
- School Districts, Local Education Agencies, or Schools
- Tribal Governments
- Nonprofit entities

Funding

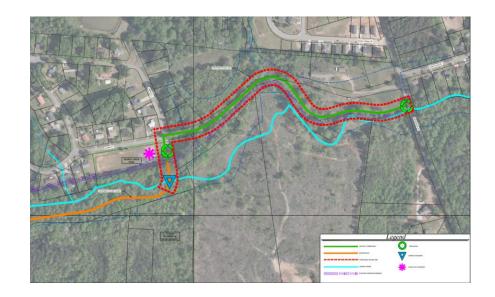
- The 2021 Investment Infrastructure and Jobs Act (IIJA) will fund TAP through 2026.
- ► GPATS has received approximately \$1.3 million in 2022 and 2023.
- TAP funds up to 80% of a projects total cost
 - ▶ 20% **minimum** local match
- *Applicants that applied to GPATS TAP funding and were **denied**, may apply to SCDOT's Program

GPATS TAP Cycle

- January
 - Funding allocation announced
 - ▶ GPATS Call for Projects
- March
 - Applications are due
 - Ranking process begins
- April
 - Application review by BPCC and Study Team
 - Study Team recommendation
- May
 - Application review and vote by GPATS Policy Committee
 - Winning projects are moved into the GPATS TIP
- ▶ All application materials can be found on the GPATS Website

Recently Awarded Project

- Wards Creek Trail Phase1 City of Greer
 - ▶ \$1,090,345.60 awarded in 2023



Recently Completed Project

- Haywood Rd Sidewalk
 Project- City of
 Greenville
 - \$400,000 awarded in 2016
- Construction is completed, project is in closeout



Recently Completed Project

- Minor Street Sidewalks –
 Town of Williamston
 - \$200,000 awarded in 2015



MPO Planning Funds (PL)

- Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) allocation
- \$1,132,110 allocation in FY2025
 - 80% Federal, 20% Local
 - Local is 75% Greenville County, 25% Pickens County
 - \$80,000 provided to each GTA and CATbus* (Element 303), who provide the Local Match
- Provides for GPATS Operations: Staff Salaries, Office Equipment, Training
 & Travel, etc.
- Funds GPATS Plans and Activities within Federal Allowances
- □ Carryovers over \$100,000 annually
 - Banked by GPATS in anticipation of major need (10-year LRTP)
 - Provided to GPATS Jurisdictions to apply for Special Studies
 - Planning and Analysis only, no Project Implementation
 - Match for Studies provided by Jurisdiction.
 - Requires SCDOT LPA (Local Public Administration) Planning-level Certification from here on out. Staff will provide more details in next Call for Projects.

Special Studies





YEAR 2010

City of Easley Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan ~ Adopted by GPATS Policy Committee 03/15/2010

GCEDC Rail Corridors Alternatives Feasibility Study ~ Adopted by GPATS Policy Committee 06/20/2011

Downtown Fountain Inn Retail Market Assessment

Fountain Inn SC Route 418 Corridor Plan ~ Adopted by GPATS Policy Committee 03/15/2010

YEAR 2011

Fountain Inn Woodside Mill District Study

City of Greenville Bicycle Master Plan ~ Adopted by GPATS Policy Committee 01/24/2011

City of Easley Brushy Creek Greenway Feasibility Study

City of Greenville Connections for Sustainability: Linking Greenville's Neighborhoods to Jobs and Open Space

Greenville County Recreation: GHS Swamp Rabbit Trail Impact Study (Year 1)

HWY-153 Plan

YEAR 2012

About GPATS

City of Mauldin Downtown Master Plan

YEAR 2013

Greenville County Recreation GHS Swamp Rabbit Impact Study Year 2

Horizon2040

Plans

Programs

Safety

TIP

UPWP

School

Transit

TA Program

Safe Routes to

YEAR 2014

Greenville County Recreation GHS Swamp Rabbit Trail Impact Study Year 3

City of Easley and City of Pickens Doodle-Line Rail-to-Trail Feasibility Study

GCEDC Personal Rapid Transit Evaluation

YEAR 2015

City of Greer Downtown Walking and Bicycling Master

City of Travelers Rest Bicycle Master Plan

Town of Williamston Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan

City of Greenville Intersection Safety Analysis

וויט בארווע 10/15/2018 r urpusca GPATS ATN Feasibility Study ~

laster Plan

Traffic Counts Data

Accepted by GPATS Policy Committee for Informational Purposes Only 10/15/2018

din East Butler Road Corridor Plan

20-2024 Transit Development Plan ~

GPATS Policy Committee for Informational

City of Clemson Downtown Corridor Master Plan

YEAR 2019

*Highway SC-14 Corridor Study ~

Endorsed by GPATS Policy Committee for Informational Purposes Only 8/19/2019 *No GPATS Funds were used

POLICY COMMITTEE AND STUDY TEAM ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Policy Committee

- 30 Voting Members, 7 Non-Voting Members*
 - Size not regulated other than "Representative of Region"
 - 8 Legislative Delegates (Gvl-5, Pkn-2, And-1)
 - 8 County Councilors (Gvl-5, Pkn-2, And-1)
 - 11 Municipal Mayors (GvI-6, Pkn-4*, And-1*)
 - Clemson, Pendleton, Central, Norris Cluster
 - Pelzer, West Pelzer, Williamston Cluster
 - 2 SCDOT Commissioners (GvI/Sp-1, Pkn/And-1)
 - 1 Transit Chair (GTA)
- Responsible for carrying out provisions of legislative requirements.
 - Provides Policy Direction for Planning, Programming, and Implementation of GPATS Plans
 - Approves or Rejects Projects and Plans for GPATS
 - Makes Recommendations to Councils, Delegations, State and Federal Departments, and other bodies

Policy Committee

- Meets Four times per Year
 - In 2024*: Feb 26, May 13, Aug 19, Oct 21
 - Agenda Packets mailed/emailed one week in advance
 - Formal document changes (LRTP, TIP, UPWP, etc.) require 21-day Advertising prior to meeting
- Officers:
 - □ Chair: Senator Rex Rice, Pickens County
 - Vice-Chair: Senator Ross Turner, Greenville County
 - Term of Office: 2 years (next election in Feb 2024)
 - Secretary/Executive Director: Keith Brockington (designee)
- Quorum: A majority of Voting Members (15*)

Policy Committee

4



About GPATS Horizon2045 Interactive Maps Projects Plans Programs

GPATS Policy Coordinating Committee Members

The Greenville-Pickens Area Transportation Study is overseen by the Policy Coordinating Committee, whose members include 36 elected officials from around the region. This committee meets four times a year to address the transportation plans, projects, issues, and opportunities facing the region.

GPATS By-Laws

PREVIOUS AGENDAS/MEETING MINUTES/PUBLIC NOTICES

GREENVILLE COUNTY LEGISLATIVE

DELEGATION

Karl B. Allen, Senator, District 7
Jason Elliott, Representative, District 22
Alan Morgan, Representative, District 18
Ross Turner, Senator, District 8 ~ Vice-Chairman
David Vaughan, Representative, District 27

PICKENS COUNTY LEGISLATIVE DELEGATION

Neal Collins, Representative, District 5
Rex Rice, Senator, District 2 ~ Chairman

ANDERSON COUNTY LEGISLATIVE DELEGATION

Richard Cash, Senator, District 3

ANDERSON COUNTY COUNCIL

Jimmy Davis, District 6

GREENVILLE COUNTY COUNCIL

Ennis Fant, District 25 Butch Kirven, District 27 Joey Russo, District 17 Liz Seman, District 24 Dan Tripp, District 28

PICKENS COUNTY COUNCIL

C. Claiborne Linvill, District 1
Henry Wilson, District 6

MUNICIPAL MAYORS

Brandy Amidon, City of Travelers Rest
Rick Danner, City of Greer
Robert Halfacre, City of Clemson
G.P. McLeer, City of Fountain Inn
Terry Merritt, City of Mauldin
Fletcher Perry, City of Pickens
Blake Sanders, City of West Pelzer
Paul Shewmaker, City of Simpsonville
Knox White, City of Greenville

Butch Womack, City of Easley

Erica Romo Woods, City of Liberty

SCDOT COMMISSION

Pamela Christopher, District 3
Max Metcalf, District 4

GREENVILLE TRANSIT AUTHORITY

Walker Smith, Chair, Greenville Transit Authority Board of Directors

NON-VOTING MEMBERS

Steve Bichel, Chair, Greenville County Planning Commission Keith Brockington, Manager of Transportation

Keith Brockington, Manager of Transportation Planning, GPATS/Greenville County Planning Department

Jepartment

Duane Greene, Chair, Pickens County Transportation

Committee

Will Moore, Chair, Anderson County Planning

Commission

Ruth Sherlock, Chair, Greenville County Transportation

Committee

Gary Stancell, Chair, Pickens County Planning

Commission

Ronald P. Townsend, Chair, Anderson County

Transportation Committee

Study Team

- 70+ Members, including GPATS Staff and Greenville County Administrative Support
- Jurisdictional membership, "representative" of area.
 - Administrators
 - Planners
 - Engineers
 - Public Works
 - Financial
- Technical Committee responsible for supporting and implementing Policy Committee
 Decisions
 - Provides Updates, Feedback, and Recommendations
 - Resolve Technical Issues ahead of public issuance of Agenda
 - Formal Recommendations (not votes) to Policy Committee on Agenda items for their consideration
- Open-Ended meetings, with any transportation-minded professionals welcome to attend and participate
- Membership may be extended at any time to appropriate professionals

Study Team

- Recommendation by Consensus
 - Study Team does not vote, only provide recommendations.
 - Consensus: Unanimous Support
 - Consensus with Objection: Formal Objection noted to Policy Committee
 - No Consensus: Significant Objection resulting in split recommendation noted to Policy Committee
 - No Recommendation: Issues with Agenda Item resulting in lack of recommendation to Policy Committee
- □ Meets Four times per Year
 - Scheduled typically 3-4 weeks prior to PC meetings
 - In 2024: Jan 29, April 15, July 15, Sept 23.
 - Agenda Packets emailed in advance

Staff and Management

- Greenville County is contracted to Staff GPATS
- Under the Authority of the County Administrator
 - Deputy Administrator for Community Planning and Development
 - Director of Planning and Zoning
 - Transportation Planning Manager and Staff
- Support Services from Greenville County
 - Financial and Procurement Structure
 - Limited Legal Counsel
 - Facilities and Meetings
 - Additional Staff Support

GPATS By-Laws

- Establishing Purpose
 - Authorizations
- Policy Committee and Study Team Makeup
 - Officers, Terms, Elections
- Meetings
 - Quorums, Voting, Public Transparency
- Staffing
- Amendments and Redesignation

Regional Coordination

- Study Team Sub-Committees
 - Transit Coordinating Committee
 - Bicycle and Pedestrian Coordinating Committee
- □ FHWA/FTA/SCDOT/MPO/COG
 - Regular coordination on Policy Changes
 - Periodic Meetings and Conferences
 - Priority Coordination with SPATS, ANATS, ACOG and SCDOT Districts 2 and 3
 - State Initiatives (e.g., Ped/Bike Safety Action Plan)
- Ten at the Top/Upstate Mobility Alliance
 - Regional emphasis on "needle moving" for key mobility, access, and quality of life metrics
- National Level
 - AMPO Conferences (GPATS attends every 3 years or so)
 - Federal Initiatives (e.g., FRA SE Regional Rail Plan)

HOW GPATS PROJECTS GET DONE

Abbreviated Process

- □ Concept/Request
- Long-Range Transportation Plan
- Transportation Improvement Program
- Planning/Feasibility Reports (NEW)
- Preliminary Engineering
- □ ROW Acquisition
- Construction
- Completion
- Evaluation

Expanded Process

- □ Concept/Request
 - Identified by SCDOT or other Agencies, Local Request, Travel Model Output, and Public Citizens
- Long-Range Transportation Plan
 - No specific treatment identified, only need and potential course (e.g., Widening, Intersections, Access Management)
 - SC Act 114 and Federal Performance Measure Prioritization
 - Fiscally Constrained to LRTP Horizon Year
 - Vision
 - Supported/Funded by other Agency Potential to Accelerate
 - Otherwise wait for next LRTP to potentially increase in ranking
- Transportation Improvement Program
 - 2-year update brings in new projects to fill funding (\$36 mil total) at BACK end of TIP
 - PE, ROW, and Const. Costs not established or scheduled, only PL
 - Project phasing spread out to have multiple projects in progress, but still results in several year wait.

Expanded Process

Planning/Feasibility Reports (NEW)

- □ Cost taken from PE phase to do 20-30% plans
- Determine accurate Scope, Cost, and Timeframe for projects
- Allows MPOs to evaluate project and potentially reject project if too expensive or does not serve the "Purpose and Need"
- Previously, if project was canceled in PE or beyond, FHWA required payback of spent funding
- Report defines other phases, which are then programmed into TIP

Preliminary Engineering

- NEPA National Environmental Policy Act, studies to prove project will not harm environment, or mitigate impacts 60-70% Plans
- Final Design 100% Plans

□ ROW Acquisition

- Development of Plans for property acquisition
- Negotiations with property owners and purchase under Uniform Act offering Fair Market Value
- Beginning of Utility Relocations depending on provider, some costs/relocations may be funded/performed by project.

Construction

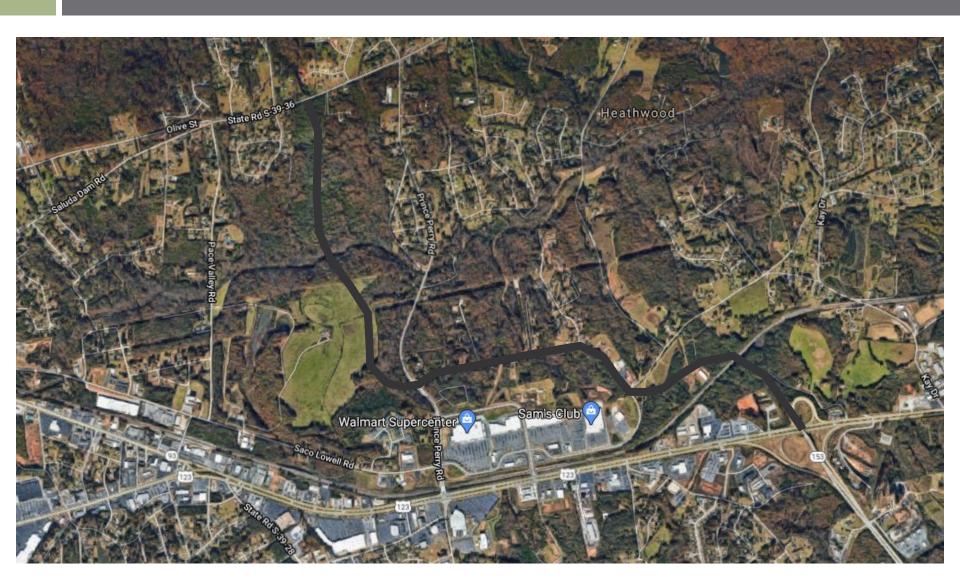
- Let for Bid, low bidder required so long as project will be completed as bid and on schedule
- Project Updates provided by SCDOT at Study Team and Policy Committee Meetings

Completion

Evaluation

 Once completed, impacts of project are measured over time and evaluated by SCDOT/MPO for effectiveness and compliance with Federal Performance Measures.

SC-153 Extension, Easley, SC

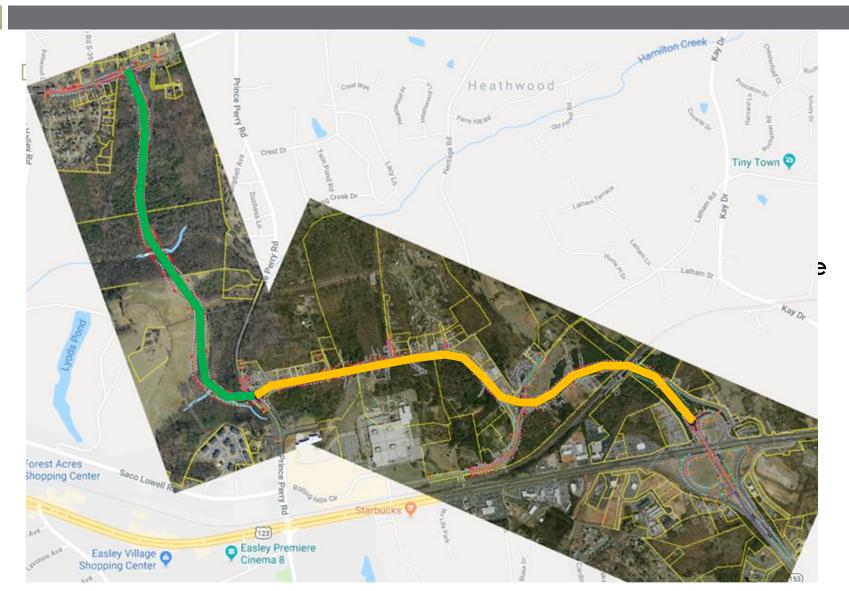


SC-153 Extension, Easley, SC

- □ Approx. 2.7 miles long
- 2 lane section, center turn
 lane, multi-use path
- Includes three new roundabout intersections
- Continuing SC-153 from US-123 to Saluda Dam Rd./Olive St.



- Goals, Objectives, Priorities
 - Improve Safety
 - Reduce Congestion
 - Multimodal
- Public Engagement
- Project Identification
- Travel Model Runs
- External Data
 - SCDOT (Road characteristics)
 - SCDPS (Crash data)
 - SCDNR (Environmental Constraints)
- Projects Ranked, per SC Act 114
 - Objective Criteria



- □ SC-153 Ranking (in 2007)
 - Congestion
 - 2005 V/C Ratio: 0.89 Score: 6
 - 2030 V/C Ratio: 1.16 Score: 10
 - 2030 V/C Improved: 1.22
 - V/C Improvement: +0.06 Score: 0
 - Safety
 - No significant safety issue Score: 0
 - Improves Multimodal safety Score: 4

Project Name	SC 153 Ext	SC 153 Ext		
Termini	US 123 to Prince Perry	Prince Perry to Saluda Dam		
Project Scope	New 2 Iane Primary	New 2 Iane Primary		
Score Existing Traffic	6	6		
Score Future Traffic	8	10		
Score V/C Improvement	0	0		
Network Connectivity	2	4		
System Continuity	0	0		
Freight Benefits	4	4		
Corridor Safety	0	0		
Multimodal Safety	1	4		
Access management	0	0		
Compact Urban Centers	0	0		
Non-Auto Transportation	-2	-3		
Environmental Justice	-2	-1		
Environmental Natural Features	0	0		
Cultural Community Resources	-2	-2		
Impact Homes or Businesses	0	-1		
Topography	0	-1		
Cost per Capacity-Mile	-2	-2		
PQI Score	0	0		
Dept of Commerce Econ Dev Score	0	0		
GPATS Staff Econ Dev Score	5	5		
Environmental overall	-4	-4		
Environmental SCDOT	1	1		
Old Score	13	18		
New Score	18	23		
New GPATS Rank	30	27		

LRTP Document



Long Range Transportation Plan

Table 4.1: Street and Highway Improvement Projects

Priority	County	Project Name	Termini	Project Scope	Notes			
High	Greenville	N. Buncombe St./SC 101	Wade Hampton (US 29) to Locust Hill (SC 290)	5 lane				
High	Greenville	Roper Mountain Road	Garlington Road to Feaster Road	4 lane with median	Existing commercial, highest traffic volumes in corridor			
High	Greenville	SC 14	Bethel Road to Five Forks Rd (SC 296)	5 lane				
High	Pickens	US 123	SC 93 to SC 8	6 lane with median	Restripe existing 72' roadway, access management			
High	Greenville	Woodruff Road	Scuffletown Road to Bennetts Bridge (SC 296)	5 lane				
High	Greenville	Roper Mountain Road Ext	Pelham Rd to Roper Mountain Rd	3 lane				
High	Greenville	Roper Mountain Road	Roper Mtn Ext to Garlington Road	Three lane				
High	Greenville	Butler Road	Bridges Rd to Main Street (US 276)	4 lane	Minimize community impacts			
High	Greenville	Salters Rd	Sulfur Springs Rd to Verdae Blvd.	4 lane with median				
High	Greenville	Butler Road	Mauldin HS to Bridges Rd	5 lane	Improve Bridges Road approaches			
High	Greenville	Batesville Road	The Parkway to Pelham Rd	3 lane	Retain existing I-85 overpass (future new interchange)			
High	Greenville	Salters Rd	Millennium Pkwy, to Sulfur Springs Rd	4 lane with median, new I-85 overpass	Landscaped median			
High	Greenville	Miller Road	Woodruff Rd to Old Mill Rd	Improved 2 lane	Left turn lanes at major intersections			
High	Pickens	US 123	SC 93 to SC 153	6 lane divided	No Right of Way needed			
Medium	Greenville	Hudson Road	Pelham Rd to Devenger Rd	3 lane	Fit within existing 60' Right of Way			
Medium	Pickens	Powdersville Road	SC 153 to US 123	Improved 2 lane	Left turn lanes at major intersections			
Medium	Greenville	Batesville Road	SC 14 to Anderson Ridge	4 lane with median	Realign to west of Wesley UM Church			
Medium	Pickens	Saluda Dam/Olive	SC 8 to Prince Perry	3 lane				
Medium	Pickens	US 178	Edgemont Ave to Carolina Drive	3 lane				
Medium	Greenville	Forrester Drive	Bi-Lo Drive to Millenuium Parkway	4 lane with median				
Medium	Greenville	Pelham St Ext	SC 14 to I-385 Frontage Road	New 2 lane Secondary				
Medium	Greenville	East Washington St Ext	US 276 to Lowndes Hill Rd	New 2 lane Secondary				
Medium	Greenville	Garlington Road	Woodruff Rd to to Roper Mountain Rd	Multilane	Assymetrical four lane (add one southbound lane)			
Medium	Anderson, Greenville	SC 153	I-85 to I-185	4 lane divided				
ACOG funds	Pickens	Farrs Bridge Road	Hamburg Road to SC 135	LT lanes at Jim Hunt Rd and Jameson Rd	Left turn lanes at major intersections			
Farmarked	Greenville	West Geomia Road	Neely Ferry Rd. to F. Standing Springs Rd.	I T lanes McCall Rd, realign Stenhouse				
Low	Pickens	SC 153 Ext	Prince Perry to Saluda Dam	New 2 lane Primary				
LOW	Greenville	valley view brive	SC 14 to F385 Frontage	Z lane Secondary				
ACOG funds	Pickens	Farrs Bridge Road		LT lanes at Alex Rd (two locations)				
Low	Pickens	SC 153 Ext	US 123 to Prince Perry	New 2 lane Primary				
LOW	PICKETIS	LEC ROSG EXI.	MCDaniel Ave to Secona Ro	INEW Z lane Secondary				
Earmarked	Greenville	Fairforest Way	US 276 to Mauldin Road	Widen and Reconstruct to 4 lane with median				
Earmarked	Greenville	West Georgia Road	E. Standing Springs to Rocky Creek Rd.	LT lanes N. Moore, Barker, Calgary	Left turn lanes at major intersections			
Earmarked	Greenville	West Georgia Road	Rivereen Way to Fork Shoals Road	LT lanes Sullivan, Holcombe, Longstaff	Left turn lanes at major intersections			
Earmarked	Greenville	West Georgia Road	Rivereen Way to Fork Shoals Road	LT lanes Sullivan, Holcombe, Longstaff	Left turn lanes at major intersections			

Long-Range Transportation Plan Results

- 2007 LRTP Document
 - 14 "Financially Constrained" Corridor Projects
 - 94 "Vision" Corridor Projects
 - 100+ Intersection Projects
- Bike and Ped were to be funded with above projects
- Transit and Signals not included
- □ SC-153 Ext. Phases ranked #30 and #27

Post LRTP

- □ Once a project is in the LRTP
 - It sits and waits for its turn
 - Possibly re-ranked with next LRTP
 - Hopefully funded into the Transportation Improvement Program
- Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)
 - Brings Projects from LRTP in Ranking order, per SC Act 114
- After 2007 LRTP Adoption, 2008 TIP Amendment

2008 Transportation Improvement Program

- All prior projects completed by "27-in-7" bond Program (still paying it off)
- 2007 LRTP provided the new projects
 - SC 183 Intersection Improvements
 - Alex, Jim Hunt, and Jameson Roads
 - Batesville Road Widening
 - SC 153 Extension
 - North Buncombe Rd Widening
 - Roper Mountain Rd, Phase 1 Widening
 - Butler Road, Phase 1 Widening
 - Salters Road, Phase 1 Widening
 - US 178 Intersection Widening

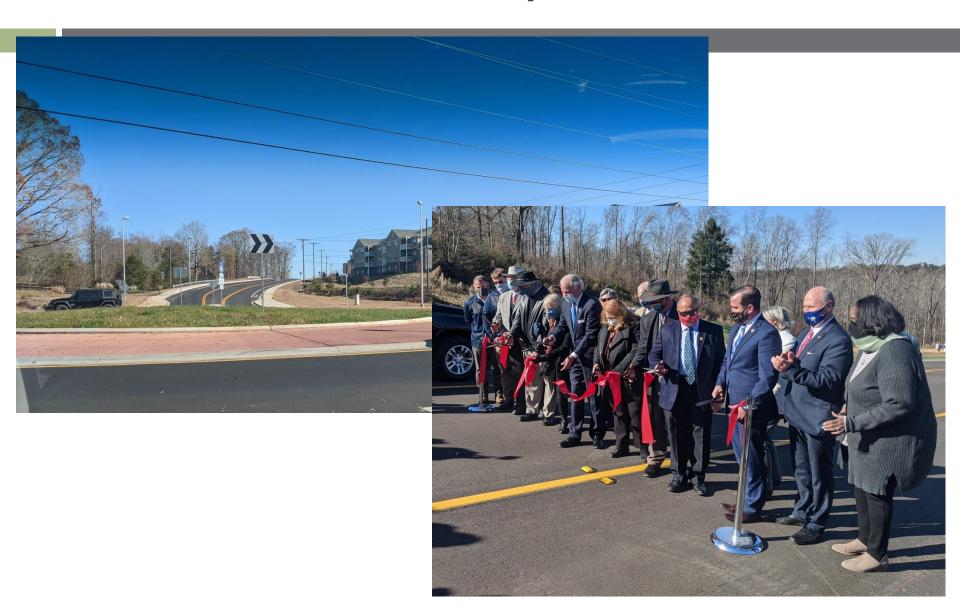
- Chosen for TIP, even low ranked, due to regional priority, prior work done, and relative newness of SC-114 (objective criteria has been greatly refined since).
- □ Original Program
 - Scope: Extend SC-153, two lanes, to Prince Perry Road
 - Only Phase 1
 - \$10.025 million
 - Preliminary Engineering, 2010: \$300k
 - Right-of-Way Acquisition, 2011: \$1.7 million
 - Construction, 2011-2012: \$8.025 million
 - Delay of two years after TIP inclusion before project start
 - SC Act 114: Higher-ranked projects come first

- □ Preliminary Engineering (PE) 2010
 - National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Document
 - Accurate Scope
 - Accurate Costs
 - Preferred Alternatives
 - "Finding of No Significant Impact" (FONSI), or initiate Environmental Impact Assessment (EIS)
 - 60% Plans
- By 2011 TIP Changes (due to NEPA and project complexity)
 - PE increased to \$2.2 million and extended until 2012
 - ROW acquisition pushed to 2012-2013
 - Construction increased to \$3.5 million (from \$2.38m)
 - Construction expected to begin in 2014
- Result of 2 year delay (Completion in 2013)

- By June 2013 (new 2014-2019 TIP), SCDOT determined need for PE to bring in Phase 2
 - Delayed project construction (both phases) to 2016
 - Phase one cost: \$14.3 million
 - Phase two cost: \$6.5 million
- January 2015, prior to beginning ROW acquisition,
 Wetlands Mitigation credits ran out, halting the project until new credits could be banked
 - July 2017, Corp of Engineers signs permits.

- ROW Acquisition proceeded during Wetlands
 Mitigation, completed in July 2017
- Construction
 - Bids opened in November 2017
 - Thrift Development as low bidder
- Began construction April 2018, expected completion August 2020 (6-7 years later than initial estimates)
- Substantive Construction Completed ON TIME and UNDER BUDGET

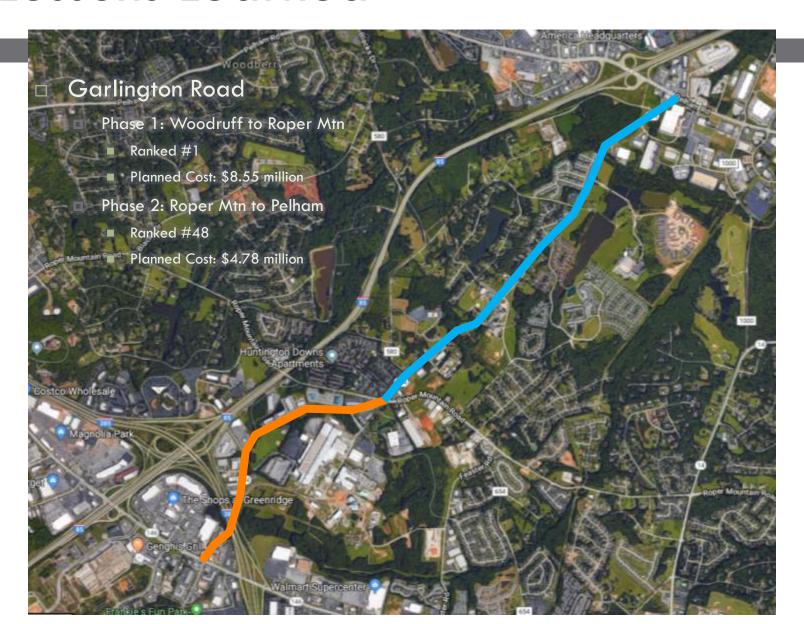




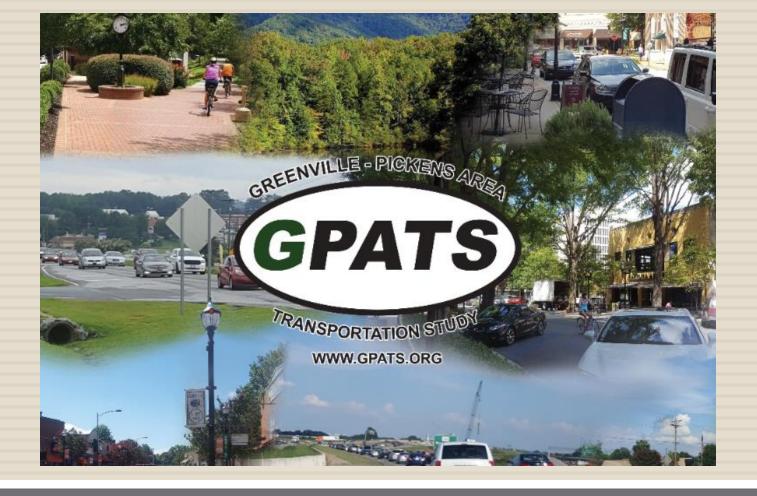
- Original Program (First Phase)
 - 3-4 Year Project (2010-2013/2014)
 - \$10.025 million Total Cost
 - \$300k PE
 - \$1.7 mil ROW
 - \$8.025 mil Construction
- □ Final Program (Both Phases)
 - 10 Year Project (2010-2020)
 - \$25.878 million Final Cost
 - \$4.5 mil PE
 - \$2.078 mil ROW
 - \$24 mil Const. (under budget with contract for \$19.3mil)

- Public Construction Projects will ALWAYS take longer and be more expensive than originally planned
 - SC-153 is TYPICAL
- Local support will yield a better product
- SCDOT is changing process
 - Addition of PL (planning) phase of work prior to PE
 - 20% plans, for accurate scope and costs
 - Reduce the amount of work needed during NEPA
 - Reduce cost overruns, uncertainty
 - PE, ROW, Const. not programmed in TIP until PL phase is complete with "Feasibility Study" report
 - CAN result in project being scrapped completely
- Once Federal Funding is spent, project must be completed....or monies must be repaid.





	GUIDESHARE PROJECTS CONTINUED												
										FUNDING			
PIN#	Priority	GUIDESHARE PROJECTS	Previous	FY	FY	FY	FY	FY	FY	FY	TIP COST	COST	
			Obligations	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	(2023-2028)	(2029+)	
		BUTLER ROAD (S-107)	Road Improvemen	it Projects Curre	ntly in the TIP w	ith Updated Sch	edule and Cost	Estimates Cont.			435 000		STBCP
		BRIDGES RD TO US 276	1,500 P		10,400 R		4,500 C				\$35,900	l	31862
P030553	8	(FOUR LANES, DIVIDED, BIKE LANES AND			10,100 11		21,000 C-AC	10,000 C-ACC	11,000 c-Acc			l	
		SIDEWALKS)											
		BATESVILLE ROAD (S-164) PHASE II	1,200 P								\$12,900	ON HOLD	STBGP
P030554	11	PELHAM ROAD TO THE PARKWAY (THREE LANES, WIDE OUTSIDE LANES, AND				1,900 R	2,500 C 8,500 C-AC	8,500 C-ACC				l	
		SIDEWALKS)					8,300 CAL					l	
		WOODRUFF ROAD PARALLEL	4,900 P								\$43,211		STBGP
P028743		WOODRUFF ROAD TO MILLER RD			8,750 R	11,487 R-ACC	11,487 R-ACC	11,487 R-ACC				l	
		(FOUR LANE DIVIDED, PLANTED MEDIAN, AND MULTI-USE PATH)			*****34,461 R-AC							76,000	
		CARLINGTON ROAD		300 PL	34,461 R-AL								STBCP
P039274		FROM SC-146		300 PL								l	
P039274		TO PELHAM ROAD										l	
						TBD	TBD						
		US-29MILLS AVENUE FROM AUGUSTA STREET						500 PL			\$500	l	STBCP
P039275		TO STEVENS STREET										l	
		(SCOPE TBD)							TBD	TBD			
		GROVE ROAD					500 PL				\$500		STBCP
P039276		FROM US-25 TO W. FARIS ROAD										l	
		(SCOPE TBD)						TBD	TBD			l	
		LAURENS RD							40 PL		\$40		STBCP
		FROM I-85 TO INNOVATION DRIVE										l	
		(FOUR LANE, DIVIDED, WITH BIKE LANE AND SIDEWALKS BOTH SIDES)								TBD		l	
		US-123 ACADEMY ST					60 PL				\$60		STBCP
		WIDENING FROM PENDLETON ST TO WASHINGTON AVE										l	
		(SCOPE TBD)						TBD		TBD		l	
		WADE HAMPTON							200 PL				STBCP
	6	FROM PINE KNOLL DR TO REID SCHOOL RD										l	
		SC-296 REIDVILLE ROAD			100 PL						\$100		SPATS STBGP
P041914		SC-290 TO SC-146 (WOODRUFF ROAD)										l	
		SC-183 FARRS BRIDGE ROAD				3,000 P							STBCP
		SC-135 TO US-25 (WHITE HORSE ROAD)				3,000 P			5,000 R			l	Sidup
		WIDENING										\$20,000	
		(SCOPE TBD)	Intersection	Projects Curre	the in the TIP wa	th Updated Sche	dule and Cost I	etimatos					SCTIB / PICKENS COUNTY
37689RD01		WOODRUFF RDI-85 INTERCHANGE	1,781 P	Projects Currel	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	ат орчаеч эспе	uule and COSt I	Simales		· ·	T		STBGP
3/689RD01		RAMP MODIFICATIONS***											
3768BRD01		WOODRUFF RD (SC 146) AND CARLINGTON/MILLER***	1,781 P										STBCP
					250 PL						\$250	 	STBCP
	2	HAYWOOD ROAD AND PELHAM ROAD				TBD	TBD						
	3	PLEASANTBURG DRIVE AND RUTHERFORD ROAD			250 PL	TBD	TBD				\$250		STBCP
						\vdash	25 PL				\$25		STBCP
	4	WHITEHORSE RD / W. BLUE RIDGE RD						TBD					
	4	E. BLUE RIDGE DR / STATE PARK RD AND POINSETT HWY					35 PL	TBD			\$35		STBCP
	4	LAURENS RD / WOODRUFF RD							50 PL	TBD	\$50		
	7	RUTHERFORD RD / JAMES ST AND W EARLE ST							50 PL	TBD	\$50		
	9	SC-B / MURRAY ST							50 PL	TBD	\$50		



Q&A | Discussion

Thank you for your Attendance today!

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